Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties number: 10-669

Name: Tille alle over The

The bridge referenced herein was inventoried by the Marylan Historic Bridge Inventory, and SHA provided the Trust with The Trust accepted the Historic Bridge Inventory on April 3, determination of eligibility.	eligibility determinations in February 2001.
Eligibility RecommendedX Criteria:AB _CD Considerations: Comments:	Eligibility Not Recommended
Reviewer, OPS:_Anne E. Bruder	Date:3 April 2001 Date:3 April 2001

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Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Historic Bridge Inventory Maryland State Highway Administration Maryland Historical Trust

Other Type

Name

Name and SHA No. Tiber Alley over Tiber River/HO 107 Location: Street/Road Name and Number: Tiber Alley City/Town: Ellicott City Vicinity County: Howard Ownership: __State_X_County__Municipal__Other This bridge projects over: _Road_Railway_X_Water_Land Is the bridge located within a designated district: X yes no X NR listed district NR determined eligible district locally designated_other Name of District Ellicott City National Register Historic District **Bridge Type:** _Timber Bridge Beam Bridge __Truss-Covered __Trestle __Timber-and-Concrete Stone Arch _Metal Truss _Movable Bridge _Swing _Bascule Single Leaf_Bascule Multiple Leaf __Vertical Lift __Retractile__Pontoon X Metal Girder X Rolled Girder Rolled Girder Concrete Encased Plate Girder Plate Girder Concrete Encased Metal Suspension _Metal Arch _Metal Cantilever Concrete Concrete Arch Concrete Slab Concrete Beam Rigid Frame

Description:

Describe Setting:

Bridge HO 107 carries Tiber Alley over the Tiber River in Ellicott City, Howard County, Maryland. Tiber Alley runs in a generally north-south direction at this location; the Tiber River runs generally east-west. The bridge is located in a small town with nineteenth-century domestic, commercial and industrial structures surrounding it. An adjoining nineteenth-century clapboard and stone structure serves as the east wall of the bridge, in place of a guardrail.

Describe Superstructure and Substructure:

The superstructure of HO 107 is a single span rolled steel beam structure constructed in 1935. The bridge has a span length of 34 feet, and an overall length of 38 feet. The bridge has a corrugated metal deck with a bituminous overlay. It has a metal guardrail on the west elevation. Bridge HO 107 has a clear roadway width of 16.66 feet, and an out-to-out width of 17 feet. The bridge has a sufficiency rating of 69.9.

The substructure is actually a channelized wall for the Tiber River, which has been channeled in this area. The cut stone used for this retaining wall is the same as that used in the construction of the surrounding structures. Therefore, it is highly likely that this wall's construction dates to the early-nineteenth century time period of the adjoining structures.

Discuss Major Alterations:

In 1984 the corrugated metal deck was replaced and the steel stringers were strengthened.

History:

When Built: 1935, deck replaced 1984

Why Built: Structure HO 107 was constructed to meet local transportation needs.

Who Built: Unknown

Why Altered: Structure HO 107 was altered to meet structural and safety needs. Was this bridge built as part of an organized bridge building campaign: yes

Surveyor Analysis:

This bridge may have NR significance for association with:

_A Events _Person

X C Engineering/Architectural

Was this bridge constructed in response to significant events in Maryland or local history?

There has been a bridge of some type at this crossing of the Tiber River since the construction of the surrounding structures in the early-nineteenth century. Tiber Alley serves as an access road to approximately five structures. It is likely that a bridge was built here in direct response to the need for access to and from the newly constructed structures in the early-nineteenth century; or, a bridge was erected here to allow for construction of the structures on the other

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side of the Tiber River. HO 107 is likely an early-twentieth-century replacement of a much earlier structure. In the early-twentieth century many less stable timber and stone structures were replaced with more stable steel beam bridges, capable of carrying much heavier traffic, such as automobiles and trucks. It is probable that HO 107 is a typical example of this surge of replacements in Howard County.

When the bridge was built and/or given a major alteration, did it have a significant impact on the growth and development of the area?

It is not likely that construction of, or alterations to, HO 107 had a significant impact on the growth and development of the area because this bridge is an early-twentieth century replacement of an earlier structure. However, construction of the original structure certainly would have had a significant impact on the development of the area.

Is the bridge located in an area that may be eligible for historic designation and would the bridge add to or detract from historic and visual character of the possible district:

HO 107 is located in the Ellicott City National Register Historic District. Though the bridge post-dates the period of construction of the most of the district, the bridge blends in with the historic landscape, and does not detract from the visual or historic character of the district.

Is the bridge a significant example of its type?

Bridge HO 107 is a unique example of a steel beam bridge. The stone masonry walls of the channeled Tiber River act as the abutments for the bridge. The east side of the bridge rests on, but is not supported by, the iron supports of an adjoining stone and clapboard structure, the center of which spans the Tiber River as well. The unique engineering and construction features, combined with the fact that the alterations made to this bridge since 1935 have not been major structural repairs, cause this bridge to be considered a unique, and therefore significant example of its type.

Does the bridge retain integrity of the important elements described in the Context Addendum?

Longitudinal I-beams are considered a primary character defining element. There is no record in the county bridge inspection files of these beams ever having been replaced. However, it is noted that in 1984 the steel stringers were strengthened for structural support.

The bridge deck is considered a secondary character defining element. The county inspection files note that the corrugated metal deck was replaced and a new bituminous overlay was put down in 1984. It is probable that similar repairs have been made in the past, as well as cleaning, painting and guardrail replacement, although no record of that appears in the inspection reports.

Stone masonry abutments are considered primary character defining elements. Bridge HO 107 rests on stone masonry retaining walls. While not the typical style, these retaining walls act as abutments for the bridge. The retaining walls were put in when the Tiber River was channeled, sometime in the early-nineteenth century.

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Bridge HO 107 is currently in good condition. Repairs that have been made to the structure have been relatively minor or replacements in kind. The fact that the original substructure and the unique construction techniques have not been changed dramatically over the course of the last 100 plus years, leads to the conclusion that the bridge does retain a certain amount of integrity of the elements described in the Context Addendum.

Is the bridge a significant example of the work of the manufacturer, designer, and/or engineer and why:

Yes, this bridge is a significant example of the work of the designer or engineer.

Should this bridge be given further study before significance analysis is made and why?

No, this bridge does not need to be given further study.

Bibliography:

Howard County Bridge Inspection Files

Spero, P.A.C. & Company, and Louis Berger & Associates Historic Bridges in Maryland: Historic Bridge Context, September 1994.

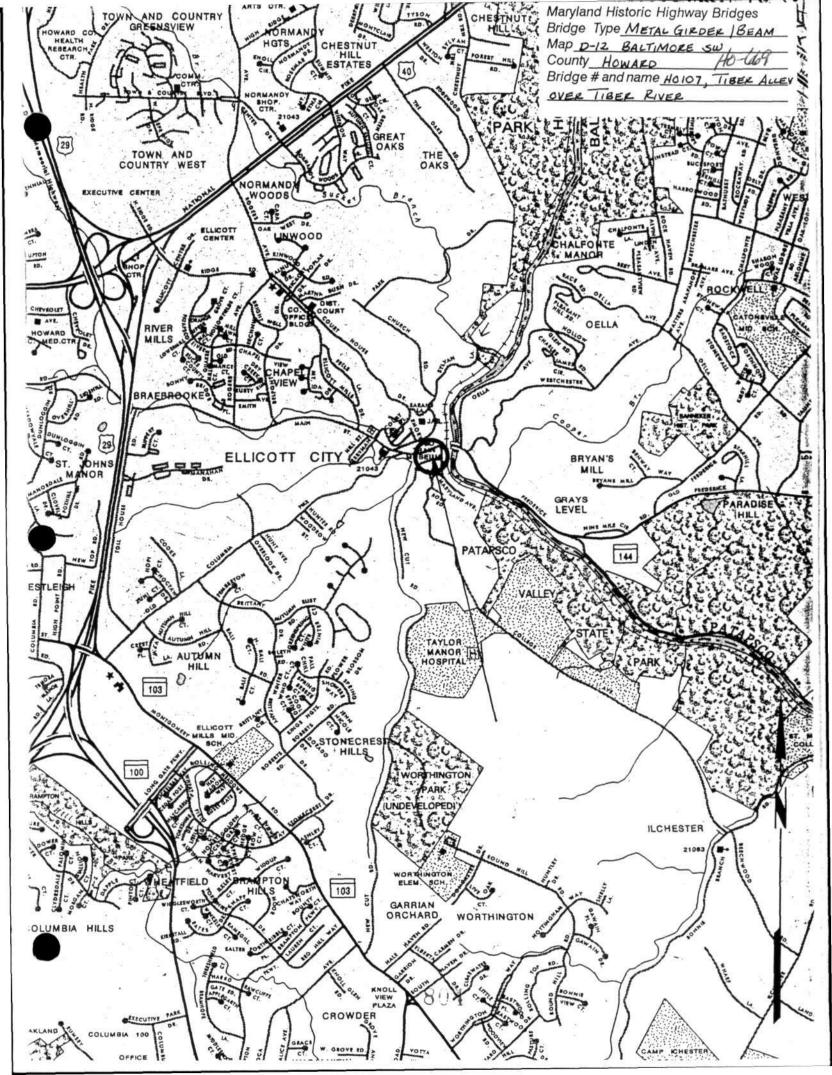
Surveyor:

Name: Stephanie L. Bandy Date: August 1995

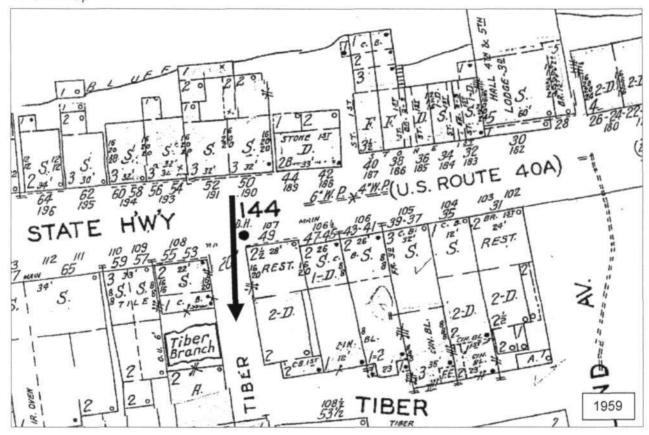
Organization: State Highway Admin. Telephone: (410) 321-2213

Address: 2323 West Joppa Road Brooklandville, MD 21022

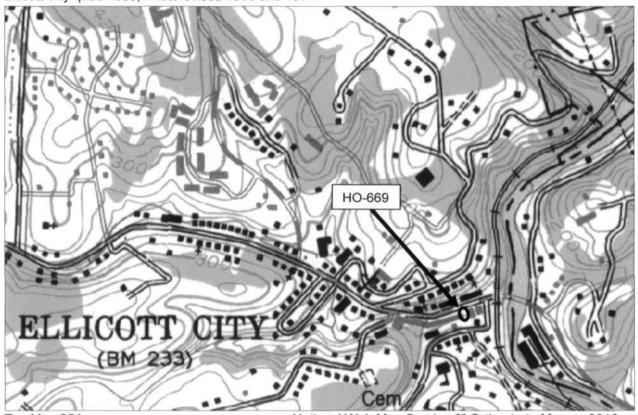
Revised by P.A.C. Spero & Company, July 1998



HO-669 Bridge (SHA HO-107), Tiber Alley over Tiber River, Ellicott City Sanborn Map



HO-669 Bridge (SHA HO-107), Tiber Alley over Tiber River, Ellicott City Ellicott City quad 1953, Photorevised 1966 and 1974



Tax Map 25A National Web Map Service 6" Orthophoto Map, c. 2010 P.298 P.194 P.193 P.192 P.20 P.19 P.314 P.20 P.50 P.315 P.45 P.32 STRE PAUL

HO-669 Bridge (SHA HO-107), Tiber Alley over Tiber River, Ellicott City Photos by Jennifer K. Cosham, 12/5/2012 Facing south



Facing north





Inventory # <u>Ho-669</u>
Name HO107-TIBER ALLEY OVER TIBER RIVER COUNTY/State HOWARD MD
Name of Photographer ORVID DIEHL Date 2/95
Location of Negative SHA
Description South Approach Looking
Number 8 of 86



Inventory # 40-669 Name HOIO7-TIBER ALLEY OVER TIBER RIVER County/State HOWARD / MD Name of Photographer DAVID DIEHL Date 2/95 Location of Negative __SHA Description NORTH APPROACH LOOKING SOLITH



Inventory # Ho-669

Name HO107-TIBER ALLBY OVER TIBER RIVER
County/State HOWARD MD
Name of Photographer DAVID DIENL
Date 2 95
Location of Negative SHA
Description EAST ELEVATION LOOKING
NORTHWEST
Number of of of